Fishery Conservation and Management

	VESSEL LOGBOOK
CODE	SEABIRD AVOIDANCE GEAR OR METHOD.
2	Single Streamer Line: Used during deployment of hook-and-line gear to prevent birds from taking hooks. The streamer line consists of three components: a length of line, streamers attached along a portion of the length and one or more float devices at the terminal end. See performance and material standards at § 679.24(e)(4)(ii).
3	Single Streamer Line, used with Snap Gear: Used during the deployment of snap gear to prevent birds from taking hooks. The streamer line consists of three components: a length of line, streamers attached along a portion of the length and one or more float devices at the terminal end. See performance and material standards at § 679.24(e)(4)(iv).
4	Buoy Bag Line: Used during the deployment of hook-and-line gear to prevent birds from taking hooks. A buoy bag line consists of two components: a length of line (without streamers attached) and one or more float devices at the terminal end. See performance and material standards at § 679.24(e)(4)(i).
Other De	evice used in conjunction with Single Streamer Line or Buoy Bag Line
5	Add weights to groundline: Applying weights to the groundline for the purpose of sinking the hook-and-line gear more quickly and preventing seabirds from accessing the baited hooks.
6	Additional Buoy Bag Line or Single Streamer Line: Using a second buoy bag line or streamer line for the purpose of enhancing the effectiveness of these deterrent devices at preventing seabirds from accessing baited hooks.
7	Strategic Offal Discharge: Discharging fish, fish parts (i.e., offal) or spent bait for the purpose of distracting seabirds away from the main groundline while setting gear.
Additiona	al Device Used
8	Night Fishing: Setting hook-and-line gear during dark (night time hours).
	Line Shooter: A hydraulic device designed to deploy hook-and-line gear at a speed slightly faster than the vessel's speed during setting.
	Lining Tube: A device used to deploy hook-and-line gear through an underwater-setting device.
	Other (Describe)
9	No Deterrent Used Due to Weather. [See weather exceptions at § 679.24(e)(4)(i), (e)(4)(ii)(B), (e)(4)(iii)(B), (e)(4)(ii)(B), and (e)(4)(v).]
0	No Deterrent Used.

[74 FR 13358, Mar. 27, 2009]

Table 20 to Part 679—Seabird Avoidance Gear Requirements for Vessels, based on Area, Gear, and Vessel Type. (See §679.24(e) for complete seabird avoidance program requirements; see 679.24(e)(1) for applicable fisheries)

If you operate a vessel deploying hook-and-line gear, other than snap gear, in waters specified at § 679.24(e)(3), and your vessel is	
>26 ft to 55 ft LOA and without masts, poles, or rigging	minimum of one buoy bag line
>26 ft to 55 ft LOA and with masts, poles, or rigging	minimum of a single streamer line of a standard specified at § 679.24(e)(4)(ii)
>55 ft LOA	minimum of paired streamer lines of a standard specified at § 679.24(e)(4)(iii)
If you operate a vessel deploying hook-and-line gear and use snap gear in waters specified at § 679.24(e)(3), and your vessel is	then you must use this seabird avoidance gear in conjunction with requirements at §679.24(e)
>26 ft to 55 ft LOA and without masts, poles, or rigging	minimum of one buoy bag line
>26 ft to 55 ft LOA and with masts, poles, or rigging	minimum of a single streamer line of a standard specified at § 679.24(e)(4)(iv)
>55 ft LOA	minimum of a single streamer line of a standard specified at §679.24(e)(4)(iv)

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Pt. 679, Table 21

If you operate any of the following hook-and-line vessels	then
< 32 ft LOA in the State waters of IPHC Area 4E	you are exempt from seabird avoidance measures.
in NMFS Reporting Area 649 (Prince William Sound)	
in State waters of Cook Inlet	
in NMFS Reporting Area 659 (Eastern GOA Regulatory Area, Southeast Inside District), but not including waters in the areas south of a straight line at 56°17.25 N. lat. between Point Harris and Port Armstrong in Chatham Strait, State statistical areas 325431 and 325401, and west of a straight line at 136°21.17 E. long. from Point Wimbledon extending south through the Inian Islands to Point Lavinia	
≤ 55 ft LOA in IPHC Area 4E but not including waters south of 60°00.00 N. lat. and west of 160°00.00 W. long.	

[74 FR 13358, Mar. 27, 2009]

TABLE 21 TO PART 679—ELIGIBLE GOA COMMUNITIES, HALIBUT IFQ REGULATORY USE AREAS AND COMMUNITY GOVERNING BODY THAT RECOMMENDS THE COMMUNITY QUOTA ENTITY

Eligible GOA community	Community governing body that recommends the CQE		
May use halibut QS only in halibut IFQ regulatory areas 2C, 3A			
Angoon	City of Angoon.		
Coffman Cove	City of Coffman Cove.		
Craig	City of Craig.		
Edna Bay	Edna Bay Community Association.		
Elfin Cove	Community of Elfin Cove.		
Gustavus	Gustavus Community Association.		
Hollis	Hollis Community Council.		
Hoonah	City of Hoonah.		
Hydaburg	City of Hydaburg.		
Kake	City of Kake.		
Kasaan	City of Kasaan.		
Klawock	City of Klawock.		
Metlakatla	Metlakatla Indian Village.		
Meyers Chuck	N/A.		
Pelican	City of Pelican.		
Point Baker Port Alexander	Point Baker Community.		
Port Protection	City of Port Alexander. Port Protection Community Association.		
Tenakee Springs	City of Tenakee Springs.		
Thorne Bay	City of Thorne Bay.		
Whale Pass	Whale Pass Community Association.		
Akhiok	City of Akhiok.		
Chenega Bay	Chenega IRA Village.		
Chiqnik	City of Chiqnik.		
Chignik Lagoon	Chignik Lagoon Village Council.		
Chignik Lake	Chignik Lake Traditional Council.		
Halibut Cove	N/A.		
Ivanof Bay	Ivanof Bay Village Council.		
Karluk	Native Village of Karluk.		
King Cove	City of King Cove.		
Larsen Bay	City of Larsen Bay.		
Nanwalek	Nanwalek IRA Council.		
Old Harbor	City of Old Harbor.		
Ouzinkie	City of Ouzinkie.		
Perryville	Native Village of Perryville.		
Port Graham	Port Graham Village Council.		
Port Lions	City of Port Lions.		
Sand Point	City of Sand Point.		
Seldovia	City of Seldovia.		
Tatitlek	Native Village of Tatitlek.		
Tyonek	Native Village of Tyonek.		
Yakutat	City of Yakutat.		

[76 FR 40643, July 11, 2011]